

# BUYING YOUR EIRST HOME

YOUR GUIDE WHEN IT COMES TO TAKING THOSE FIRST STEPS ON THE PROPERTY LADDER



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Think carefully before securing debts against your home. Your home or property may be repossessed if you do not keep up repayments on your mortgage.





#### WE CAN ALSO HELP WITH...

Remortgages Bridging finance Secured loans Life insurance Home insurance Income protection and much more!

#### Getting on the property ladder Congratulations on making the decision to buy your first home!

So you've decided to buy your first home. This is one of those standout moments in your life, so cherish it! However, we also understand it can be quite overwhelming, especially as buying a house is most likely one of the most expensive purchases you'll ever make.

We know it can be difficult deciding where to start, therefore, in this guide, we've explained the whole process stepby-step, so that you can understand everything that's coming your way. But if there is anything you need explaining in further detail, please don't hesitate to get in touch.

# What exactly is a mortgage?

#### Good question!

Most of us may not have enough money to buy a house outright, so a mortgage is a loan that you use to buy a property.



As a mortgage is a loan, you'll have to repay it. This is done via monthly payments, and usually lasts up to 30 years.



Your adviser will take into consideration how much you earn, and how much you spend to calculate how much you'll be able to borrow.



At least 5% of the cost of the property is put down as a deposit beforehand.



The mortgage you take out will be against the property, so if you do not keep up with your mortgage repayments your home will be repossessed.



## Where to start

To put you in a stronger position before applying for a mortgage we've compiled a series of tips to get you ready!

By using these tips ahead of time, you should be able to speed up the process when you finally want to get the process moving for purchasing a home.

Keep your finances in order Your Adviser will want to see that you are able to keep your finances in order. They'll often look at your expenditure vs. your income. This will help them determine that if you're able to afford repayments, and other financial commitments you may have. Ultimately, they'll want to place you on a mortgage you can afford.

Ensure that you repay any outstanding loans, avoid taking out additional loans, and keep on top of all bills you currently have. This will show your Adviser that you are suitable for a mortgage. Electoral roll

One of the easiest things you can do ahead of time is get registered on the electoral roll. This will allow easier tracking when it comes to your current address, when you need to prove it officially.

This is also a simple way to boost your credit score.

#### Saving

Do you have a savings account on hand? The great thing about regularly saving, is that it can be traced on your bank statements, and therefore is easy for you to:

1. Show how you saved for your deposit.

2. Show your Adviser that you're able to save money or a set amount each month.

#### Improve your credit rating

Credit cards, when it comes to your credit score, will really help show that you're able to look after finances, and pay them off within a certain amount of time.

Take a look at what you're currently spending money on. Are you making good use of that subscription box? Are you actively using your gym pass?

If the answer is no, consider cancelling them to save a bit of extra money, just for now anyway.





# Credit ratings

As mentioned in our last section, a good credit score helps Advisers and Lenders decide:

- Whether to lend you money;
- How much to lend you;
- And how much interest to charge.

There are a number of ways to improve your credit score, and as a result, show lenders and your adviser that you are

able to responsibly manage your finances.

#### Proof of address

Make sure you have proof of address by signing up for the electoral register and

ensuring all bills and financial commitments are registered to your

address. This way it's easier to confirm your identity for any Advisers and Lenders.

# Ensure you're responsible with your credit card

Available credit refers to the difference between your outstanding balance, and your total credit limit.

If, at any point, your available credit is low, your adviser and any potential lenders may think that you are struggling financially.

Our top tip is to make sure you avoid ever withdrawing cash from your credit card. This goes against your credit score, and will appear as though you're withdrawing money because you have no money in the bank. Even if this is not what is actually happening.

#### Have a history of accounts

Prove you have a good financial history by having a variety of

previous bank accounts. For example: a savings account, ISA, credit card, etc. This will allow your Adviser the opportunity to view where your credit has previously gone.

#### Pay on time

This may sound pretty obvious, but paying on time shows that you are capable of managing your finances and paying bills,

which is great when you're trying to apply for a mortgage.



### How much can I afford?

Finding out how much money you can borrow, will help you determine what home you will be able to buy based on the budget.

One way of finding out how much you can, potentially, borrow, is through using online affordability calculators. These are a quick and easy way to get an idea of what may be available to you. You do this through putting in your income against your outgoings, and it'll do the rest, by calculating a potential total you can borrow.

However, a mortgage adviser will be able to fully assess your financial situation, including your lifestyle, to ensure you don't over-stretch when it comes to getting the right mortgage for you.

#### What is a Decision in Principle?

A Decision in Principle, also known as a DIP, is certificate stating how much a lender is willing to lend you.

We advise that before putting an offer on a house, or applying for a mortgage, you speak to your adviser who can help you apply for a DIP ahead of time. The 'decision' is made through running a number of checks including looking at your outgoings, income and credit score.

Having a DIP ready shows estate agents and sellers that you're ready to move quickly when it comes to buying, and already know how much you can borrow, subject to your full mortgage application.



# Help to Buy Shared Ownership

Can't quite afford a 100% mortgage of a home?

The Help to Buy Shared Ownership scheme gives you the opportunity to buy a share of between 25% and 75% of your home's value, then pay rent on the remaining share, and then start 'staircasing'.

**Ste**ircasing refers to process of increasing the size of your mortgage until you own the property in it's entirety.

Using the Shared Ownership scheme may be the right fit for you if you're a person, or couple, who may not be able to get the money for a mortgage that is big enough to buy a home, but means you can own at least part of the property you live in, and benefit from any increase in value over time.

The other great thing is that you'll be able to benefit from long-term security, which is better than just renting a property.

#### How does it work?

The Shared Ownership scheme relies on you getting a mortgage for half the purchase price of a property, and then paying a deposit of 5% on this amount.

This would make it easier for anyone on a lower income or those who find themselves struggling when it comes to saving a deposit. Of course, every scheme comes with eligibility conditions. You this use can scheme if:

- Your household earns £80,000 a year or less outside of London;
- Your household earns £90,000 a year or less in London;
- You are a first time buyer;
- You used to own a home, but can't afford to buy one now;
- You're an existing shared owner looking to move.

# Time to start looking

When it's time to start viewing properties, let's face it, it's ultra exciting, as it'll be the first time it begins to look like a reality.

#### Your dream home checklist

Before you start viewing properties, online or in person, it's worth writing down every 'must-have' from your house. This might include:

- Local shops and supermarkets;
- A big garden;
- A kitchen-diner;
- Good space for parking;
- Transport links.

If you write a list beforehand, you can find out whether the property is right for you, before you take the time to book a viewing.

#### Where can you look for your home?

- Online using websites like Zoopla, Rightmove and estate agents websites;
- Talking to property developers;
- In local newspapers;
- Looking at for sale boards;
- Asking friends and family;
- Viewing show homes;
- Auctions.

#### Things to keep an eye out for

In the area you wish to purchase is it...

- Near local shops?
- Near good transport links?
- In a peaceful area?
- In a busy area?
- Near local schools?
- Near local nurseries?
- Offering good parking?



#### Property inside and outside

Does your property include...

#### Outside

- Off-road parking?
- A garden?
- Security? (Alarms, gates, etc.)
- Cracks?
- Mould or damp?
- Good guttering?
- A good roof?

#### Inside

- An energy rating?
- A heating system?
- Mould or damp?
- Big rooms?

Make sure the property meets your wish list. And if you're worried about structural problems, don't panic, these are picked up in the survey (should you choose to have one), but keeping an eye out for signs of damp and large cracks, could prepare you ahead of time.

Once you've found that 'dream house' that fits most of your wish list, and you have your Decision in Principle (DIP), you can make an offer!

### Surveys, Solicitors, and Property Chains Surveys

If you decide to have a survey carried out on a property (at a fee), you can have some invaluable things highlighted that may have remained hidden otherwise. Here are some of the surveys you can have carried out:



Mortgage valuation This is a free service, that most lenders offer, that is just a valuation of the property for the mortgage lender. This isn't a survey, and you won't receive a report.



Condition reports With a new build property, these are fairly common, and a good way to find out what condition your property is. Doesn't include any advice.



Homebuyers survey

If your property appears to be in good condition, this survey will give you a property valuation, and check for any faults and repairs. It even includes a repair cost.



Full structural survey This is the most in-depth survey you can get and is referred to as a 'building survey'. This is best for older properties, or properties with extensions. It helps you challenge anything legally, and checks for faults, and includes repair costs.

#### Solicitors and conveyancing

When your offer gets accepted, the next stage of your house buying process is to use a solicitor/conveyancer who can take care of the legalities that buying a property involves.

But...what does a solicitor do?

#### Talking to the seller's solicitor

On your behalf, your solicitor will reach out to the seller's solicitor. The sellers solicitor will then provide them with a draft contract, and other items requested.

#### Conveyancing process

Most times, your solicitor will be able to carry out the conveyancing

process. This includes things like environmental searches, and enquiries with the local authority. This tends to be useful when it comes to revealing any planning issues that may effect your property.

#### Investigations and contracts

Once they've completed their investigations, if you're happy to proceed, they will finalise your contract and explain it in further details to you.

#### Contract exchange

Your solicitor will be paid a fee to exchange your contracts on

purchase. Once you've done this, you're now legally entering binding contract to buy the property.

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The final stage of the conveyancing process will see your solicitor: receive funds from the lender, finish repaying any existing loan or mortgage that may be a condition of your offer, pay the stamp duty and any other fees, transfer the funds to the seller's solicitor, and finally ensure the keys to the property are made available when completion takes place. Your adviser can recommend you a solicitor during your mortgage process.

#### Property chains

What is a property chain? A property chain refers to a group of people who are connected since they're buying and selling each others properties.



Each person selling the property (also known as a vendor) should have a designated solicitor, lender, and estate agent attached.

As a result, if one vendor is behind in any capacity, whether it's a missed phone call, or a late filled document, the whole process can be slowed down and delay everyone else in the chain.



# What fees will I be paying?

Aside from your deposit and mortgage repayments, there are other costs involved in buying a house you'll want to take into account so you'll have money available from the start.

#### Valuation Fee

Depending on the survey you decide to go with, you'll be charged different costs. The more in-depth the survey, the higher your fee will be.

#### **Removal Costs**

It's not mandatory, but if you need help with the move, you can consider removal services. Just keep in mind, these tend to be more expensive during spring/summer.



#### Legal Fees

A solicitor/conveyancer is crucial when it comes to completing your mortgage. The solicitor deals with all contracts, documentation, searches etc.

#### **Product Fees**

You'll find that some mortgages come with a product fee that you'll need to pay either upfront or tagged onto the cost of your mortgage.

#### Insurance

Ensure that you take out buildings and contents insurance when taking out your mortgage.

This will protect your home in the case of any damage, and your belongings. This is something you can talk to your adviser about.

There are also other insurance you can use to financially protect you and your home in the case of illness.

#### Arrangement Fees

Keep an eye out for the administration charge. This is a charge made by the lender for arranging the credit of your mortgage.

#### Stamp Duty

Buying a house over a certain

price can lead to you paying stamp duty. It has various names including Stamp Duty Land Tax

(SDLT) in England, Land Transaction Tax (LTT) in Wales, and Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT) in Scotland.

The amount that you need to pay will depend on the property, but you're exempt from paying the SDLT on properties up to £425,000 (if you're a first time buyer).

If you would like to learn more about Stamp Duty click here.



#### Mortgage Adviser Fee

Most mortgage brokers charge a separate fee for their specialist knowledge, and for helping you get your mortgage and new home.

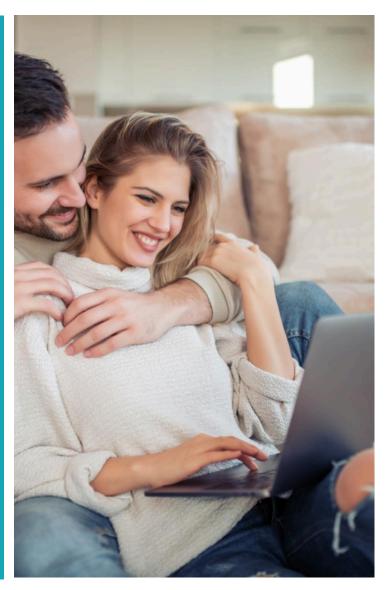
# Applying for your mortgage

Ready to apply for your mortgage? Our team are on hand to help you with expert advice from start to finish. Arrange an appointment with one of our Mortgage Advisers.

Whether you are a first-time buyer, moving home or looking to re-mortgage, our specialists are here to make the process easier, so you can get on with everyday life.

With everything under one roof, you can rest assured that we can find a mortgage deal that will suit your needs.

Get in touch today: Call: 07745982596 Email: pro.mortgages@outlook.com Website: www.promortgages.co.uk



# Our handy first time buyers checklist

Six weeks before

- Ensure that you know your moving in date.
- Get that insurance covered from the time of the exchange.
- Start 'Marie Kondo'-ing your home, by decluttering and removing anything you no longer use.
- Begin to pack anything you won't use between now and the move.

#### Four weeks before

- Call in a favour with a friend, or two, by asking if they're free to help on moving day.
- Not using a removal company? Not a problem! Start wrapping
  items in bubble wrap, and collect some packing boxes.
  More than you can handle? Book a storage unit if you need it.

Continue to pack!

#### Two weeks before

- Have children or pets? Ask for someone to look after them for moving day.
- $\neg$  Have a feast with any items you can in your freezer.
- ☐ Start notifying people of your impending change of address.
  - Arrange for the services you need, such as broadband, to be transferred/installed in your new home.

#### One week before

- Book a time with your estate agents to pick up keys.
- Get your flat-pack furniture dismantled.
- Make sure all packing is done, apart from essential items.
- Call up your removals company to confirm the date and the time.
- 🗆 Deep clean your current property.

#### The night before

- Finish packing everything, including valuables and paperwork.
- Pack an overnight bag including any essentials.
- Charge your mobile.
- Carry out final checks.

#### Moving day

- Collect the keys.
- Direct your removals team with all items that need moving.
- Carry out final checks and ensure nothing is left behind.



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